CEAT LIMITED

Policy on Related Party Transactions

1. Objective:

This Policy aims to ensure compliance of the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 & Rules made thereunder ("the Act"), Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 24 and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), as amended or re-enacted from time to time and which relate to the identification of the Related Parties and governance & approval of the Related Party Transactions, wherever required.

2. Definitions:

2.1. Arms' Length Transactions:

Arms' Length Transaction shall mean:

- (a) a transaction between the Company and the Related Party that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest; and
- (b) the price charged for the transactions to a Related Party has in no case been influenced by the relationship and meets the criteria prescribed in Transfer Pricing Guidelines prescribed under the Income- tax Act, 1961.

2.2. Key Managerial Personnel:

Key Managerial Personnel shall mean:

- (i) the Chief Executive Officer or the managing director or the manager;
- (ii) the company secretary;
- (iii) the whole-time director;
- (iv) the Chief Financial Officer;

(v) such other officer, not more than one level below the directors who is in whole-time employment, designated as key managerial personnel by the Board; and

(vi) such other officer as may be prescribed.

2.3. Ordinary Course of Business:

Ordinary Course of Business shall mean the usual transactions, customs and practices undertaken by the Company to conduct its business operations and activities and includes all such activities which the Company can undertake as per Memorandum & Articles of Association.

2.4. **Promoter and Promoter Group:**

Promoter and Promoter Group shall have the same meaning as assigned to them respectively in clauses (oo) and (pp) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018.

2.5. Related Party:

Related Party as per the provisions of the Act and Listing Regulations shall mean:

I. Related Party as defined under Section 2(76) of the Act; viz –

(*i*) a director or his relative;

(*ii*) a key managerial personnel or his relative;

- (iii) a firm, in which a director, manager or his relative is a partner;
- (*iv*) a private company in which a director or manager or his relative is a member or director;
- (*v*) a public company in which a director and manager is a director and holds along with his relatives, more than two per cent of its paid-up share capital;
- (*v*) any body corporate whose Board of Directors, managing director or manager is accustomed to act in accordance with the advice, directions or instructions of a director or manager;
- (*vii*) any person on whose advice, directions or instructions a director or manager is accustomed to act:

Provided that nothing in sub-clauses (*vi*) and (*vii*) shall apply to the advice, directions or instructions given in a professional capacity;

- (viii) any body corporate which is-
 - (A) a holding, subsidiary or an associate company of such company;
 - (B) a subsidiary of a holding company to which it is also a subsidiary; or
 - (C) an investing company or the venturer of the company;";

Explanation.—For the purpose of this clause, "the investing company or the venturer of a company" means a body corporate whose investment in the company would result in the company becoming an associate company of the body corporate.

- (*ix*) a director other than an independent director or key managerial personnel of the holding company or his relative with reference to a company.
- II. Related Party as defined under the applicable Indian Accounting Standards;
- III. any person or entity forming a part of the Promoter or Promoter Group of the Company; any person or entity, holding equity shares of 20% (10% effective from April 1, 2023) or more in the Company, either directly or on a beneficial interest basis as provided under section 89 of the Companies Act, 2013, at any time, during the immediately preceding financial year.

2.6. Related Party Transaction(s):

Related Party Transaction shall mean a transaction involving transfer of resources, services or obligations between

- (a) The Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and a Related Party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand; or
- (b) The Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand, and any other person or entity on the other hand, the purpose and effect of which is to benefit a Related Party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, effective April 1, 2023:

Regardless of whether a price is charged and includes:

- i. sale, purchase or supply of any goods or materials;
- ii. selling or otherwise disposing of, or buying, property of any kind;
- iii. leasing of property of any kind;
- iv. availing or rendering of any services;
- appointment of any agent for purchase or sale of goods, materials, services or property;
- vi. such related party's appointment to any office or place of profit in the Company, its subsidiary company or associate company; and
- vii. underwriting the subscription of any securities or derivatives thereof, of the Company

Provided that the following shall not be a Related Party Transaction:

- the issue of specified securities on a preferential basis, subject to compliance of the requirements under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- (b) the following corporate actions by the listed entity which are uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders in proportion to their shareholding:
 - i. payment of dividend;

ii. subdivision or consolidation of securities;

iii. issuance of securities by way of a rights issue or a bonus issue; and

iv. buy-back of securities.

For the purpose of the above, a Related Party Transaction shall include a single transaction or a group of transactions in a contract, with a Related Party.

2.7. Relative:

Relative shall mean:

- (i) Members of Hindu Undivided Family
- (ii) Husband and wife
- (iii) Father, including step father
- (iv) Mother, including step mother
- (v) Son, including step son
- (vi) Son's Wife
- (vii) Daughter
- (viii) Daughter's husband
- (ix) Brother, including step brother
- (x) Sister, including step sister

3. Material Related Party Transaction:

"Material Related Party Transaction" shall mean a transaction to be entered into with and between Related Parties, individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeding the threshold of:

- 5% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per its last audited financial statements, in case of transactions involving payments made with respect to brand usage or royalty, or
- Rs. 1000 Crores or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per its last audited financial statements, whichever is lower, in case of any other transaction(s).

4. Material Modifications To Related Party Transactions:

Material modifications to Related Party Transactions shall mean modification to the Related Party Transaction which substantially changes the nature / tenure of transaction as considered by the Audit Committee while approving the transaction at the first instance.

5. Identification of Related Parties:

The Company may seek requisite disclosures and information, as may be deemed necessary, to identify a Related Party.

6. Review and Approval of Related Party Transactions:

6.1. Approval by the Audit Committee:

- 6.1.1. The Company shall not enter into any Transactions with any Related Party and/or make material modifications to such transactions without prior approval of the Audit Committee of the Company, by way of a meeting / circular resolution. Only those members of the Audit Committee who are independent directors, shall approve Related Party Transactions.
- 6.1.2. All the relevant information/documents relating to the proposed Related Party Transaction(s) shall be placed before the Audit Committee, which inter-alia shall include:
 - (a) The name of the Related Party and nature of relationship;
 - (b) The nature, duration and particulars of the contract or arrangement; such as business purpose of the transaction, the benefit of the contract or arrangement to the Company/Related Party etc.
 - (c) The material terms and conditions of the contract or arrangement including the value, if any;
 - (d) Any advance paid or received for the contract or arrangement, if any;
 - (e) The manner of determining the pricing and other commercial terms, both included as part of contract and also not considered as part of the contract;
 - (f) Whether all factors relevant to the contract have been considered, if not, the details of factors not considered with the rationale for not considering those factors; and
 - (g) Any other information relevant or important for the Audit Committee and/or Board of Directors to take a decision on the proposed Related Party

Transaction.

- 6.1.3. The Audit Committee may appoint an expert preferably a Chartered Accountant conversant with and having relevant experience in the area of Transfer Pricing Regulations as a Related Party Transaction Auditor (RPT Auditor) who shall peruse and review all the transactions and provide a report whether the Related Party Transactions are in the ordinary course of business and on an arms' length basis.
- 6.1.4. Wherever necessary, the Audit Committee may, after examining all the documents and the Report of the RPT Auditor, if any, grant omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions, proposed to be entered into by the Company, subject to the following conditions:
 - i. The following criteria for granting omnibus approvals are fulfilled:
 - The transactions qualify to be in the "Ordinary Course of business" as defined above and satisfy "Arm's length price" condition.
 - The transactions are repetitive in nature
 - ii. The Audit Committee has satisfied itself the need for such omnibus approval and that such approval is in the interest of the Company.
 - iii. Such omnibus approval shall specify the name(s) of the Related Party, nature of transaction, period of transaction, maximum amount of transaction that can be entered into, the indicative base price/current contracted price and the formula for variation in the price if any, and such other conditions as the Audit Committee may deem fit.
 - iv. Where the need for Related Party Transaction cannot be foreseen and required details are not available, the Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for such transactions, subject to their value not exceeding Rs. 1.00 crore per transaction.
 - v. Audit Committee shall review on a quarterly basis, the details of Related Party Transactions, entered into by the Company pursuant to any omnibus approval granted.
 - vi. The omnibus approval granted shall be valid for a period not exceeding one financial year and shall require fresh approval every year.
- 6.1.5. The Audit Committee shall also review the status of long-term (more than one year) or recurring Related Party Transactions on an annual basis.
- 6.1.6. In addition to the above, prior approval of Audit Committee of the Company shall be required for a Related Party Transaction where the subsidiary(ies) of a Company is a

party but the Company is not a party and the value of such transaction whether entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year exceeds 10% of the annual consolidated turnover as per the last audited financial statements of the Company (w.e.f April 1, 2023, 10% of the annual standalone turnover, as per the last audited financial statements of such Subsidiary).

6.1.7. The Audit Committee shall consider the information/documents related to Related Party Transactions placed before it and either approve or reject the same on merit.

6.2. Approval of the Board:

- 6.2.1. The following Related Party Transactions shall, after the approval of the Audit Committee, also be placed before the Board of Directors for approval:
 - a. Transactions not at arm's length.
 - b. Transactions not in ordinary course of business.
 - c. Material Related Party transactions as specified in Clause 3.
- 6.2.2. The Board of Directors shall consider the information/documents pertaining to the Related Party Transactions as referred in clause 6.2.1, as placed before it and either approve or reject the same on merit.
- 6.2.3. If any director is interested in any Related Party Transaction with the Related Party, he/she shall not be present at the Board Meeting, neither during the discussion on the subject matter, nor at the time of voting on the resolution relating to such Related Party Transaction.

6.3. Approval by the Shareholders:

- 6.3.1. The following Related Party Transactions, after the approval of Board, shall also be placed before the shareholders for their prior approval:
 - a. All Material Related Party transactions as specified in Clause 3 and subsequent material modifications thereto.
 - b. All Related Party Transactions which are not in the ordinary course of business or not at arm's length and which are in excess of the limits prescribed under the Act requiring the approval of shareholders.

- c. Clause (a) and (b) shall not be applicable in case of transactions entered into between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.
- 6.3.2. The Board of Directors shall, decide whether the approval of the Related Party Transactions by the shareholders shall be sought at the General Meeting or through Postal Ballot in accordance with the Act and Rules thereunder.
- 6.3.3. If the approval of the shareholders is proposed to be sought, the Explanatory Statement to be attached to such Notice shall inter alia include the following particulars name:
 - a. Name of the Related Party;
 - b. Name of the director or key managerial personnel who is related, if any;
 - c. Nature of relationship;
 - d. Nature, material terms, monetary value and particulars of the contract or arrangement;
 - e. Any other information relevant or important for the shareholders to make an informed decision.
- 6.3.4. In case of all the material Related Party Transactions requiring approval of the shareholders through resolution, no Related Party shall vote to approve such resolutions whether the entity is a Related party to the particular transaction or not.

6.4. Ratification of Related Party Transactions in exceptional cases:

- 6.4.1 Any Related Party Transaction which is not under omnibus approval, entered into by the Company with a Related Party, without obtaining the consent of Audit Committee or the Board of Directors or approval of shareholders in General Meeting, may in genuine cases be ratified by the Audit Committee or the Board of Directors or the shareholders at a General Meeting, as permitted under the applicable laws, provided that such Director or any other employee who had authorised such transactions agrees to indemnify the Company against loss incurred by the Company, if any.
- 6.4.2 Approval for such exceptional Related Party Transactions shall be granted by the Audit

Committee and/or Board of Directors, as the case may be on merit and approval of the shareholders by way of Resolution shall also be obtained, wherever required.

6.5 While seeking the approval of the Audit Committee, Board or the Shareholders, all information that is relevant and necessary to the Related Party Transaction and as prescribed under the Laws or by the Audit Committee or the Board, shall be duly provided to the Audit Committee, Board or Shareholders, as the case may be.

7. General Exemption:

There is no approval required for transactions entered into between two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, whose accounts are consolidated with the Company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.

8. Disclosure:

8.1 The Company shall maintain a register pursuant to Section 189 of the Act and enter therein the particulars of all the Related Party Transactions with a Related Party.

8.2 Disclosures as appropriate concerning the Related Party Transactions and/or Material Related Party Transactions shall be made in the Annual Report of the Company including its Financial Statements, on the website of the Company and also to the Stock Exchanges where equity shares of the Company are listed and to such other authority as may be prescribed from time to time.

9. Miscellaneous:

- 9.1 This Policy shall be reviewed by the Board of Directors at least once every three years and updated accordingly.
- 9.2 Dealing with Related Party Transactions shall be in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 & Rules made thereunder, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, applicable Indian Accounting Standards and other applicable provisions for the time being in force.
- 9.3 In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Policy and of the Act or Listing Regulations or any other statutory enactments, rules, the provisions of such Act or Listing Regulations or statutory enactments, rules shall prevail over this Policy. Any subsequent amendment / modification in the Listing Regulations, Act and/or applicable laws in this regard shall mutatis mutandis apply to /prevail upon this Policy.

VERSION HISTORY

| Version | Approved by | Approval Date | Effective Date | Reason for modification |
|---------|---|------------------|------------------|--|
| 1 | Board of Director | July 22, 2014 | April 1, 2014 | NA |
| 2 | Board of Directors | October 30, 2014 | October 1, 2014 | Changes as per Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and revised clause 49 of the Listing Agreement |
| 3 | Board of Directors | February 7, 2017 | February 7, 2017 | Changes as per definitions under Ind – AS 24 |
| 4 | Board of Directors (on recommendation of the Audit Committee) | January 28, 2019 | January 28, 2019 | Various amendments under the SEBI Listing Regulations, as notified on May 9, 2018. |
| 5 | Board of Directors (on recommendation of the Audit Committee) | October 25, 2021 | October 25, 2021 | Various amendments under the SEBI Listing Regulations, as notified until August 6, 2021 |
| 6 | Board of Directors (on recommendation of the Audit Committee) | January 19, 2022 | April 1, 2022 | Various amendments under SEBI Listing Regulations, as notified until November 9, 2021 |