CEAT AKKHAN LTD Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2015

(Taka)

	NOTES	As at 31,03,201	15	As at 31.03.2014
QUITY AND LIABILITIES		32,03.201		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS				
Share Capital	3	1,500,000,000	- 11	1,500,000,000
Reserves and Surplus	4	(201,478,293)	- 11	(62,230,438)
Money Received Against Share Warrants	5	·		1,437,769,562
SHARE APPLICATION MONEY PENDING ALLOTMENT			1,298,521,707	1,437,703,302
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES				1
Long term Borrowings	6	986		:
Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	7		- 11	697,723
Other Long Term Liability	8		18	= 1
Long Term Provisions	9		. -	697,723
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Short Term Borrowings	10	92,352,840	- 11	65,640,396
Trade Payables	11	66,107,427	- 1	293,527
Other Current Liabilities	12	136,754,793	- 11	82,951,010
Short Term Provisions	13	39,501,636	334,716,696	21,227,595 170,112,528
		=	1,633,238,403	1,608,579,813
ASSETS				
NON CURRENT ASSETS				
Fixed Assets	FA	1	- 11	E 71E AA9
(I) Tangible Assets (II) Intangible Assets	FA-1 FA-1	8,679,151 2,715,349	11	5,715,448 4,762,400
(III) Capital Work in Progress	FA-2	768,130,862		578,297,920
(iv) Intangible Assets Under Development		779,525,363	l t	588,775,768
Non - Current Investments	15			•
Deferred Tax Assets (net) DEFERRED TAX ASSET (Net)		285,175	285,175	
Long - Term Loans and Advances	16	180,163,375		153,744,920
Other Non Current Assets	17		959,688,738	742,520,68
CURRENT ASSETS				
Current Investments	18			
Inventories	19	153,165,312		118,056,37
Trade Receivables	20	113,744,294		44,071,13
Cash and Cash Equivalents	21	364,158,439		659,558,20
Short Term Loans and Advances	22	38,538,350		31,801,0
Other Current Assets	23	3,658,095	. 2	12,572,3
Callet Calletter and Calletter			673,264,490	866,059,1
		1	1,633,238,403	1,608,579,8

The annexed notes 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CEAT AKKHAN LTD

Profit and Loss Statement for the year ended 31 March 2015

		2014 2015	2013-2014
	NOTES	2014-2015 April to March	April to March
REVENUE	25	562,515,478	252,482,941
Revenue From Operations (Gross)		502,513,476	202, 102,012
Less: Excise Duty		562,515,478	252,482,941
Revenue From Opèrations (Net)		302,313,470	
Other Income	26	35,560,278	20,696,382
Total Revenue		598,075,756	273,179,323
EXPENSES			
Cost of Materials Consumed		~	
Purchase of Stock In Trade		512,470,502	304,018,552
Changes in Inventories of finished goods, work in progress and Stock in trade	27	(35,108,940)	(105,189,781)
Employee Benefits Expenses	28	62,335,541	18,460,367
Finance Costs	30	13,315,861	16,086,024
Depreciation and amortization expenses		4,536,930	2,066,908
Other Expenses	31	141,840,321	68,604,403
m . I m		699,390,214	304,046,473
Total Expenses PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL AND EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS	AND TAX	(101,314,458)	(30,867,150)
PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL AND EXTRAGRAMMENT			
Exceptional Items		•	(20 007 150)
PROFIT BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS AND TAX		(101,314,458)	(30,867,150)
Extraordinary Items		(404 244 450	(30,867,150)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		(101,314,458)	(50,001,1201,
Tax Expenses:		38,916,295	17,429,373
Current Tax		-	
Less: MAT Credit entitlement			
Short / (Excess) Provision of earlier years		(982,898	697,72
Deferred Tax Current year Deferred Tax of prior years		*	
23.31.31		(139,247,85	5) (48,994,24
Profit / (Loss) for the period	se financial sta		4

The annexed notes 1 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CEAT AKKHAN LTD
Cash Flow Statement
for the year ended 31 March 2015

for the year ended 31 March 2015		
	1 April 2014 to	1 April 2013 to
	31 March 2015	31 March 2014
	<u>Taka</u>	<u>Taka</u>
A) Cash flows from operating activities		
Loss After tax	(139,247,855)	(48,994,246)
Adjustment for non cash items		
Depreciation & Amortization	4,536,930	2,192,658
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(18,990)	(1,973)
Operating profit before changes in working capital	(134,729,916)	(46,803,561)
Adjustment for (increase)/decrease in current assets		
Inventories	(35,108,940)	(105,189,781)
Trade Receivables	(69,673,157)	(44,071,137)
Short Term Loans and Advances	(6,737,268)	(23,438,261)
Other Current Assets	8,914,230	(6,663,381)
Long - Term Loans and Advances	(26,418,455)	(153,744,920)
	(129,023,590)	(333,107,480)
Adjustment for Increase/(decrease) In current liabilities		
Trade Payables	65,813,900	(5,399,016)
Other Current Liabilities	53,803,783	82,951,010
Short Term Provisions	18,274,041	17,429,374
Deferred Tax	(982,898)	697,723
Cash generated from operations	136,908,826	95,679,091
Net cash (used In)/from operating activities	(126,844,680)	(284,231,950)
B) Cash flows from Investing activities		44,046,070
Acquisition of Tangible Assets	(5,364,193)	(4,916,379)
Acquisition of Intangible Assets	*	(6,141,763)
Received against insurance claim	55,350	56,550
Expenditure incurred for capital work-in-progress	(189,958,692)	(412,049,837)
Net cash used in Investing activities	(195,267,535)	(423,051,429)
C) Cash flows from financing activities		1,492,000,000
Share capital		(560,688,464)
Share money deposit	20 717 444	29,122,682
Short Term Borrowings	26,712,444	960,434,218
Net cash flows from financing activities	26,712,444	
D) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(295,399,770)	253,150,839
E) Opening cash and cash equivalents	659,558,209	406,407,370
F) Closing cash and cash equivalents	364,158,439	659,558,209

CEAT AKKHAN LTD.

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 March 2015

1. Reporting entity

1.1 Company profile

CEAT AKKHAN LTD has been incorporated under the Companies Act, 1994 vide incorporation no. C-102115/12 dated 30 May 2012 as a public limited company. The registered office of the Company Is located at 802 Shanta Western Tower, 186 Tejgaon I/A, Dhaka-1208.

1.2 Nature of business

The main objective of the Company is to carry on the business of designing, developing, constructing, producing, repairing, purchasing, selling, importing, exporting and generally dealing in tyres, semi-tyres, tubes and flaps for all types of vehicles used in heavy, medium and light passengers transports, cars scooters, motorcycles and other two and three wheel vehicles.

1.3 Basis of preparation

1.3.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Bangladesh Financial Reporting Standards (BFRSs).

The title and format of financial statements follow the requirements of BFRS which are to some extent different from the requirement of Companies Act 1994; however, such differences are not material and in the view of management, BFRS format as mentioned in BAS 1 gives a better presentation to the shareholders.

1.3.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis under the historical cost convention.

Accrual basis of accounting has been followed consistently in preparing the financial statement.

1.3.3 Functional and presentational currency and level of precision

The financial statements are presented in Bangladesh Taka (Taka/Tk/BDT), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Taka have been rounded off to the nearest taka.

1.3.4 Changes in accounting policies

Except for the changes below, the Company has consistently applied the accounting policies set out in Note 3 to all periods presented in these financial statements. The Company has adopted the following new standards and amendments to standards, including any consequential amendments to other standards, with date of initial application of 1 January 2013.

(a) BFRS 13: Fair Value Measurement

BFRS 13 (effective from 1 January 2013) establishes a single framework for measuring fair value and making disclosures about fair value measurements when such measurements are required or permitted by other BFRSs. It unifies the definition of fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It replaces and expands the disclosure requirements about fair value measurements in other BFRSs, including BFRS 7. As a result the Company has included additional disclosures in this regard (see note 26). The requirements of this BFRS has no significant impact on the measurement of the Company's assets and liabilities.

(b) Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (Amendments to BFRS 7)

The Company has adopted these amendments to BFRS 7 however this has no impact on the financial statements.

(c) BFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements
This Company does not have any subsidiary, as such this standard does not have any impact on the financial statements.

(d) BFRS 11: Joint Arrangements

This Company does not have any such arrangement, as such this standard does not have any impact on the financial statements.

(e) BFRS 12: Disclosure of Interests in Other Entitles

This Company does not have any such interests in other entities, as such this standard does not have any impact on the financial statements.

(f) Presentation of items of Other Comprehensive Income (Amendments to BAS 1)

As a result of the amendments to BAS 1, the Company adopted the policy to separately present items that would be reclassified to profit or loss from those that would never be. However this requirements do not have any material impact on the financial statements.

(g) Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

The Company has adopted the amendments to BAS 36 (2013). However this has no Impact on the financial statements.

1.3.5 Use of estimates and judgment

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with BFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are described in the following notes:

Note 3.1(b) Depreciation
Note 3.2 Amortisation
Note 17 Provision for expenses
Note 18 Provision for income tax

1.3.6 Reporting period

These financial statements cover the period from 1 April 2014 to 31 March 2015.

1.3.7 Comparative Information

Comparative information has been disclosed in respect of the year ended 31 March 2014 for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information where it is relevant for understanding of the current year's financial statements.

Figures for the year ended 31 March 2014 have been rearranged, wherever considered necessary, to ensure better comparability with the current year.

2 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the period presented in these financial statements.

2.1 Tangible assets

(a) Recognition and measurement

Items of tangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of tangible assets comprises its purchase price, import duties and non-refundable taxes, after deducting trade discount and rebates, and any costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner.

(b) Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each item of property, plant and equipment including leased assets. The Company considers 5% of the costs as salvage value for each category of assets. The Company has changed its depreciation method from reducing balance to straight-line during the year. No depreciation is charged on land and capital work in progress.

Depreciation for full month has been charged on additions irrespective of date when the related assets are put into use. The rates of depreciation are given below:

Category of assets	Rate of depreciation
Furniture and fixture	9.50%
Office equipment	19%
IT equipment	31.67%
Plant & Machinery	12.67%
Dangaciation mathods usoful lives a	nd recidual values are reviewed at each reporting date

(c) Retirements and disposals

An asset is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and subsequent disposal. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised as gain or loss from disposal of asset under other income in the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress consists of acquisition costs of land, plant, machinery, capital components of other equipment and related installation costs incurred until the date placed in service. In case of purchase of assets, capital work in progress is recognised when risks and rewards associated with such assets are transferred to the Company.

2.2 Intangible assets

Intangible assets include SAP, Project Information Archive System (PIAS) and other office software which are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. These intangible assets are amortised on straight line basis over three years.

2.3 Provisions

In accordance with the guidelines as prescribed by BAS 37 provisions were recognised when all the following criteria are met:

- i) When the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event;
- When it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- iii) Reliable estimates can be made of the amount of the obligation.

2.4 Contingencies

Contingencies arising from claim, litigation assessment, fines, penalties etc. are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can reasonably be measured.

2.5 Taxation

2.5.1 Current tax

Current tax has been provided in the financial statements at the rate applicable for the Company as per the Income Tax. Ordinance 1984.

2.5.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in compliance with BAS 12: income Taxes, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

2.6 Finance income and expenses

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested. Interest income is recognised on maturity. Finance expenses comprise interest expense on short term loan, overdraft and bank charges.

2.7 Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Bangladeshi taka at the rates ruling on the transaction date. All monetary assets and liabilities at the statement of financial position date are retranslated using rates prevailing on that day. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

2.8 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

2.8.1 Financial assets

Financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, advances, deposits, prepayments and other current assets.

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash in hand and demand deposit with banks. Cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

(b) Trade receivables

Trade receivables consists of unpaid bills receivable from dealers.

(c) Short term loans and advances

Advances are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, advances are carried at cost less deductions, adjustments or charges to other account heads.

Deposits are measured at payment value.

Prepayments are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, prepayments are carried at cost less charges to profit and loss account.

2.8.2 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised Initially on the transaction date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the liability except the amount payable for letter of credit. The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired.

Financial liabilities include short term loan, inter company payables, creditors and accruals, and other current liabilities.

(a) Short term loan

Short term loan consists of bank overdrafts, loan against trust receipts (LATR) and loan against time loan (LATL).

(b) Creditors and accruals

Creditors and accruals consist of payables to suppliers and service providers, withholding VAT and tax payables, and advances received from clients for goods.

2.9 Impairment

(a) Financial assets

Receivables are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. Financial assets are impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably. Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired can include default or delinquency by a debtor, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy, etc.

(b) Non-financial assets

An asset is impaired when its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset or a Cash Generating Unit (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset or CGU. The recoverable amount of an asset or a CGU is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount by recognising an impairment loss if, and only if, the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount. Impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at devalued amount. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset shall be treated as a revaluation decrease. As at 31 March 2014, the assessment of indicators of impairment reveals that impairment testing is not required for the Company.

(c) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

2.10 Inventories

Traded goods are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost Includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.11 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership are passed on to the customer which generally coincides with delivery. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of VAT and any trade discount.

2.12 Employee benefits

The Company does not maintain any defined contribution plan for its eligible permanent employees.

2.12.1 Defined benefit plan (leave encashment)

Permanent employees of the Company are entitled to receive leave encashment on unavailed earned leave. In each year maximum 12 days of earned leave can be encashed by each permanent employee.

2.13 Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF)

Bangladesh Labour Act 2006 (amended in 2013) requires companies to contribute 5% of the pretax profit to a Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF). As the Company has incurred a pre-tax loss for the year, no WPPF contributions have been made.

2.13 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

NOTE 3	Share	Capital

1,500,000,000 (150,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10 each, fully paid-up

Add : Aliotted during the year

As at 31.03.2014	As at 31.03.2015
1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000
0	o
1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

			(Taka)
	As at 31.03.2015		As at 31.03.2014
NOTE 4			
RESERVES AND SURPLUS			- 1
A) Capital Reserve :			
Opening Balance	- 0	- 11	0
Add: Forfeiture of Convertible warrants (Refer Note 4)	0	0	0
B) Capital Redemption Reserve:		Ö	ŏ
C) Securitles Premium Reserve: Opening Balance	0		0
Add : Received during the year	0		0
Revaluation Reserve :			
Opening Balance	0		0
Add: Revalued during the year	0	1	0
Less: Depreciation	0		0
D) Hedge Reserve : Opening Balance	0		ŏ
Additions during the year	0	0	
E) General Reserve:			
Opening Balance	0		0
Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account			0
F) Surplus			
Opening Balance	-62,230,438		-13,236,192
Add: Net profit after tax transferred from Statement of Profit & Loss	-139,247,855		-48,994,246
Amount Available for Appropriation	-201,478,293		-62,230,438
Appropriations: Proposed Dividend Tax on Proposed Dividend	0		0
Amount transfer to General Reserve	0		C
Surplus - Closing balance	_	-201,478,293 -201,478,293	-62,230,438 -62,230,438

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 10 - Short Term Borrowings:

Short - term Borrowings:

1) SECURED

Loans repayable on demand Working Capital Term Loan - Secured Working Capital Demand Loan - Secured

- a) Cash Credit Facilities
- b) Export Packing Credit
- c) Buyers Credit

AB Bank Trust Receipt

AB Bank Time Loan

Eastern Bank Import and Demand Loan City Bank Import and RSTL

2) UNSECURED

Public Deposits

52,085,078 74,272,214 6,255,094 18,080,626 7.300.224 0 65,640,396 92,352,840

As at 31.03.2015

(Taka)

As at

31.03.2014

Security arrangement with banks

The loan secured on hypothecated stocks, book debts and bills receivables (present and future) of CEAT AKKHAN LTD. In favor of AB Bank Limited.

The charge will be registered with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies and Firms. Limit BDT 165 Million.

State bank of India

This is in respect of funded and non-funded facility arrangements with SBI .

Hypothecation of all stocks, receivables and other current assets (existing and proposed) of the Company. Limit BDT 120 Million.

The loan secured on hypothecated stocks, book debts and bills receivables (present and future) of CEATAKKHAN LTD. in favor of Eastern Bank

Limited. The charge will be registered with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies and Firms. Limit BDT 210 Million.

The loan secured on hypothecated stocks, book debts and bills receivables (present and future) of CEAT AKKHAN LTD. in favor of The City Bank

Limited. The charge will be registered with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies and Firms. Limit BDT 120 Million.

Short term borrowings(Details)

Cash credit facilities State Bank of India Trust receipt **AB Bank Limited**

Time loan **AB Bank Limited**

Bank overdraft: State Bank of India The City Bank Limited Eastern Bank Limited

(Taka)	
As at 31.03.2014	As at 31.03.2015
40,041,836	74,185,999
6,255,094	18,080,626
7,300,224	
12,043,242	
	86,215
65,640,396	92,352,840

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 11 - TRADE PAYABLES

TRADE PAYABLES

Acceptances Due to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Overdue Not due Other Trade Payables **Advance from Customers**

As at	As at
31.03.2015	31.03.2014
0	0
0	0
0	0
66,107,427.0	293,527
0	0
66,107,427	293,527

Note 12 - OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Other Current Liabilities

- 1) Current Maturities of Long term debt
- 2) Current Maturities of Finance Lease Obligations
- 2) Interest Accrued but not Due on Borrowings
- 4) Interest Accrued & Due on Borrowings
- 5) Income received in Advance
- 3) Unpaid Dividends

Application money due for Refund

4) Unpaid Interest & Matured Deposits
Unpaid Interest & Matured Bonds

5) Other Payables:
Payable to Capital Vendors
Payable to Capital Vendors-Intercompany
Deposits From Dealers & Others
Statutory Dues
Withholding and Other Taxes payable
Advance from Customers
Premium on Hedging Instruments
Short Term Forex MTM

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 13 - SHORT TERM PROVISIONS

SHORT TERM PROVISIONS

Provision for Employee Benefits
 Unavailed Leave, Current

Gratulty

- 2) Proposed Dividend
- 3) Tax on Proposed Dividend
 Provision for Income Tax
- 4) Provision for Warranty

As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
0	0
o	0
52,899	200,810
4,205,576	1,943,258
0	0
0	0
0	0
o	o
0	0
14,822,724 26,007,300 88,582,291	-33,306 25,990,650 45,807,418
3,084,003	9,042,180
0	(
0	
0	*
136,754,793	82,951,01

As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
o	o
o	0
0	o
o	o
39,501,636	21,227,595
0	0
39,501,636	21,227,595

							Och Colonia			
As at 31 March 2015			Cost					11		WDV as at March 31
ASSETS	Balance as at 1	Ë	Disposal/ adjustment during	As at 31 March	Rate	Balance as at 1 April 2014	Addition during the year	Disposal/ adjustment during the year	As at 31 March 2015	2015
	April 2014	the year	the year				200 500		359,332	2,595,306
				2.954,638	9.50%	156,309	403,044	70.690	508.090	1,869,440
	1 507,697	1,451,941		OCA LEC C	19.00%	151,883	376,887	70,000	200000	3 203 978
Furniture & Fixtures	277.010	1,466,755	•	7,3/1/50	9	918 997	1,819,225	124,060	7,614,157	
7 Office Equipments	CLU'OTE	1 344 374	55,350	5,818,135		- Carologo	90.746	•	90,746	
2 IT Foultments	4,523,101	1 101 177		1,101,172	12.5/%		2 489 880	144,740	3,572,324	8,679,151
4 Electrical Equipments		5 364 193	55,350	12,251,476		1,227,184	The state of the s			
Total				Intangible Assets	sa.			ħ.		
A. a. 21 March 2015							Amortisation	ion		
			Cost					/lesposal/	Acces 24 March	WDV as at March 3.
		Addition during	Disposal/	As at	Rate	Balance as at 1	Balance as at 1 Addition during	adjustment	2015	2015
SI. ASSETS	Balance do de 1	the vest	adjustment dums	2015				during tire year	2 369.166	1,508,039
	April 2014	Lile year	the year	307 779 5	33,33%	1,076,894	1,292,272	•	249 283	249,617
	3 877 205	٠	•	000 000	1		199,648		CARCAN	
SAP Software	000 003		•	299,000	1	133 092	319,420		7TC'7Cb	
2 Office Software	000,000			958,358	33,33%	accion.		5	255.352	451,848
	958,358			707,200	33.33%	19,642	235,710	• 1	and con	
OfficeStd 2013 SNGL OLP NL, Visio STD,	707,200	40		200000	+	1.379,363	2,047,050		3,426,413	2,/15,550
Media kit	1			6,141,765						
1 1 1	6,141,763									

FA-Schedule-2

Capital work-in-progress		Other project	Total
In taka	Land cost	1603	
Balance at 1 April 2013	158,741,480 311,860,037	7,506,603	166,248,083 412,049,837
Additions	1		000 700 027
Transfer to PPE	470,601,517	107,696,403	5/6,231,320
Balance at 31 March 2014			
	470,601,517	107,696,403	578,297,920
Balance at 1 April 2014	135,953,177	53,879,765	189,636,942
Additions	•	•	2000
Transfer to PPE	606,554,694	161,576,168	768,130,862
Balance at 31 March 2015			

Note 16 - LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

UNSECURED CONSIDERED GOOD

Capital Advances

Security Deposits

Rent Deposits

Prepald Expenses

Other Deposits

VAT Current Account

Advance payment of Tax Gross

MAT Credit Entitlement Balance with Government Authorities Less: Provision made for Deposits Share application in CEAT AKKHAN LTD.

Note 17 - Other Non Current Assets

Long Term Forex MTM

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 19 - INVENTORIES

INVENTORIES

Raw Materials Goods-in transit

Semi-Finished Goods Goods-in transit

Finished goods

Goods-In transit

Traded Goods Stock Goods-In transit

Stores , spares and Others Goods-In transit

Provision for Obsolescence of Stores

As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
131,989,252	104,765,776
0	o
o	5,489,125
0	0
0	0
23,361,497	25,058,782
24,812,626	18,431,237
0 0 0	0 0 0
180,163,375	153,744,920

As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
o	o
0	0

(Taka)		
As at 31.03.2014		As at 31.03.2015
0	0	0 0
0 0	0	0
0	0	0
118,056,372 0	153,165,312	102,298,104 50,867,208
0		0
0	0	0
118,056,372	153,165,312	i

Note 20 - Trade Receivables TRADE RECEIVABLES

Debts Outstanding for a period exceeding 6 months from the date they are due for payment:

Secured, Considered Good

Unsecured, Considered Good

Unsecured, Considered Doubtful

Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts

Other Debts

Secured, Considered Good

Unsecured, Considered Good

Unsecured, Considered Doubtful

Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts

As at 31.03.2015		As at 31.03.2014
0		0
0	41	0
0	M	0
0	0	0
0 113,744,294 0	113,744,294	0 44,071,137
	113,744,294	44,071,137

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 21 - CASH AND BANK BALANCES

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Balances with Banks:

On current Accounts

On Unpaid Dividend Accounts On Unpaid Interest and Fixed Deposit On remittance in Transit

Cheques in Hand

Cash in Hand

Other Bank Balance

Deposits with original maturity (FDR)

Margin Money Deposits

Deposits with more than 12 months maturity

~	a		и
		ĸa	

	(Taka)
As at 31.03.2015	As at 31.03.2014
252,059,354	84,612,097
. 0 0 0	0
0 325,996	0 105,537
252,385,350	84,717,634
110,090,418	571,191,812 3,648,76
o	
111,773,089	574,840,57
364,158,439	659,558,20

Note 22 - Short Term Loans and Advances

UNSECURED, Considered Good

Loans and Advances to related Parties

Others:

Advance Receivable in Cash or Kind or for Value to be Received

Balance with Customs, Port Trust, Excise etc.

Loans and Deposits with Companies

Advance Payment of Tax

MAT Credit Entitlement

Other Receivables

Unsecured, Considered Doubtful

Loans Advances and Deposits

Provision for Doubtful Advance, Deposit

Note 23 - Other Current Assets

OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Interest Receivable

Unamortised Premium on Forward Contract

Short Term MTM Assets

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 25 - Revenue from Operations

Sale of products

Other operating revenues Royalty Income Sale of Scrap Govt Grants Other

Less:

Excise duty

As at 31.03.2014	As at 31.03.2015
5,891,396	6,697,550
25,909,686	28,959,766
0	2,881,034
0	0
0	0
o	0
0	0
0	o
31,801,082	38,538,350

(Taka)

	0
12,572,325	3,658,095
As at 31.03.2014	As at 31.03.2015

2013-2014 April to March	2014-2015 April to March
252,480,968	560,959,050
0 0 0 1,973	1,467,438 0 88,990
0	o
252,482,941	562,515,478

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 26 - Other Income

Profit on Sale of Assets

Profit on Sale of Investment

Interest Income - Banks

Note 27 - Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods, Work-In-progress and Stock in Trade

> Opening Stock Semi - Finished Finished Goods Traded Goods

Closing Stock Semi - Finished Finished Traded Goods

Note 28 - Employee Benefits Expenses

Salaries, Wages and Bonus

Provident Fund and Superannuation Scheme etc.

Gratuity Fund

Welfare Expenses

Voluntary Retirement Scheme

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

Note 30 - Finance Cost

Interest Cost

FOREX Loss on Finance Transactions

Other Borrowing Cost

2014-2015 April to March	2013-2014 April to March
0	0
0	0
35,560,278	20,696,382
35,560,278	20,696,382
0 0 118,056,372 118,056,372	0 0 12,865,834 12,865,834
0 0 153,165,312 153,165,312	0 0 118,056,372 118,056,372
51,931,860 0	14,528,694 0
o	0
10,403,681	3,931,673
o	•
62,335,541	18,460,367

	2013-2014 April to March	2014-2015 April to March
24	16,086,02	13,315,861
0		0
0		0
324	16,086,02	13,315,861
		0

Note 31 - Other Expenses	2014-2015 April to March		2013-2014 April to March
Conversion Charges	April to Marcil	0	April to March
Stores and Spares Consumed			0
Provision for Obsolescence of Stores			0
Power and Fuel		562,891	o
Freight and Delivery Charges		7,882,013	4,797,208
Rent		17,705,691	16,825,389
Lease Rent		0	0
Rates and Taxes		0	0
Insurance		3,408,468	3,346,646
Repairs :			
Machinery	3,969,744		2,138,135
Buildings	303,431	11	31,900
Others	865		2,975
W		4,274,040	2,173,010
Travelling and Conveyance		19,192,385	11,304,303
Printing and Stationery Directors' Fees		1,336,343	1,198,029
Auditors' Remuneration :		0	0
Audit Fees	442.750		621,635
Tax Audit	442,750		0
Other Services (Certification)	0		0
Reimbursement of Expenses	0		0
		442,750	621,635
Cost Audit Fee		0	o
Advertisement and Sales Promotion Expenses		49,982,158	12,044,313
Rebates and Discounts		3,288,893	201,998
Commission on Sales		0	o
Communication Expenses		11,011,281	3,362,854
Advances Written off		0	0
Bad Debts Written off	0	- 11	c
Less: Provision for doubtful debts written back		19	
to the extent provided	0	0	
Provision for Doubtful Debts / Advances		o	
and a STA Principle			
Loss on Assets Sold / Discarded		0	
Factory Expenses		76,925	116,31
Legal Charges Foreign Exchange Fluctuations (Net)		88,771	69,12
Professional and Consultancy Charges		5,724,341	2,847,89
		5,724,341	2,047,03
Commission to Directors	^		810,39
Training and Conference Expenses		2,487,936	1,957,2
Bank Charges		2,060,972 12,314,463	6,928,0
Miscellaneous Expenses			68,604,4
	-	141,840,321	00,004,4

32.1 Capital commitments

	31 March 2015		31 March 2014		
Supplier Name	Type of Work	USD	BDT	<u>USD</u>	BDT
CEAT Limited, India	Project implementation	667,000	52,092,700	667,000	52,059,350
Bestry, China	Extruder and Line	1,110,000	86,691,000	1,110,000	86,580,000
Jacobs, India	Project Consultancy	162,225	12,669,773		- ,
Comerio, Italy	Calendar and Line	2,025,000	158,152,500	2,125,000	165,750,000
L&T, India	Mixer	420,000	32,802,000	410,000	31,980,000
Prabha Steel, India	Main Drain Tank and	72,012	5,624,137	72,012	5,616,936
Raychem, India	Transformer	246,470	19,249,307	246,470	19,224,660
Elgi, India	Air Compressor	110,000	8,591,000	110,000	8,580,000
Thermax, India	Condensate Recovery	25,000	1,952,500	25,000	1,950,000
Forbes Marshall, India	Boiler	405,000	31,630,500	405,000	31,590,000
Himgiri, India	Cooling Tower	22,000	1,718,200	22,000	1,716,000
L&T, India	Curing Press	4,000,000	312,400,000		
Aah Engineer, India	Gearbox for Mixer	76,500	5,974,650		
Vacunair	Vacuum System	65,000	5,076,500		
M/S Bhalla	Centrifugal Pumps	55,000	4,295,500	(●)	
ABB India	Motor, VFD, Transformer	235,170	18,366,777	-	÷
Auto Power, BD	Power Contractor		1,111,110		
Brothers Construction	Site Grading		738,548		
PEB Steel, BD	PEB		141,200,000		
Magnum, BD	Civil		344,250,246		
DDCL	Civil Work Supervision		3,692,883		
		9,696,377	1,248,279,831	5,192,482	405,046,946

32.2 Other commitments

The Company had contractual commitments in respect of Letter of Credit for import of tyres at following Bank:

Bank Name	31 March 2015 Amount in Taka(Million)	31 March 2014 Amount in Taka(Million)
AB Bank Limited	16.95	36.2
Eastern Bank Limited	0.24	
State Bank of India	34.55	22.69
The City Bank Limited	0.16	
Total	51.90	58.89

32.3 Related party transactions

The Company in normal course of business has entered into transactions with other entities that fall within the definition of related party contained in IAS/BAS: 24 Related Party Disclosure. The Company believes that the terms of related party transactions are not significantly different from those that could have been obtained from third parties. The significant related party transactions during the period are as follows:

			As on 31 1	March 2015
Name of related party	Relationship	Nature of transactions	Transactions during the period	Outstanding as at 31st March 2015
			Taka	Taka
CEAT Limited, India	Parent company	Purchase of tyre and other claim	426,157,817	37,822,496
		Project implementation and plant commissioning services	*	26,007,300
		426,157,817	63,829,796	
AK Khan & Co Limited, BD	Shareholder	C&F Agent	7,332,975	777,182
			As on 31	March 2014
Name of related party	Relationship	Nature of transactions	Transactions during the period	Outstanding as at 31st March 2015
ivame of related party	relationship	Nature of transactions	Taka	Taka
CEAT Limited, India Parent company	Parent company	Purchase of tyre and other claim	255,884,824	210,495
	Project implementation and plant commissioning services	25,990,650	25,990,650	
	3	281,875,474	26,201,14	
AK Khan & Co Limited. BD	Shareholder	C&F Agent	4,304,275	556,62

32.4 Purchase and Sale of Traded Goods	2014-15	2013-14
Traded Goods Purchases - Tyres	512,470,502	304,018,552
Traded Goods Sales — Tyres and Tubes (Gross)	562,515,478	252,482,941
32.5 Value of Imports calculated on C&F basis:		
Traded Goods	426,157,817	255,884,824
T-4		
32.6 Earnings Per Share (EPS):		
Net Profit for calculation of basic and diluted EPS	(139,247,855)	(48,994,246)
Weighted average number of equity shares (face value per share `10/-) in calculating basic EPS	150,000,000	58,624,176
Effect of dilution:		
Convertible share warrants Weighted average number of equity shares (face value per share `10/-) in calculating diluted EPS	*	*
	(0.93)	(0.84)
Basic EPS	(0.93)	(0.84)
Diluted EPS		